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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/886,965	06/21/2001		Russell L. Kress	Kress 400	5029
7	590	10/08/2002			
Mr. Edward J			EXAMINER		
Walnut Woods 5955 W. Main	•		HORTON, YVONNE MICHELE		
Kalamazoo, MI 49009				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3635	
				DATE MAILED: 10/08/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

Office Action Summary

Application No. **09/886,965**

Applicant(s)

RUSSELL L. KRESS

Examiner

YVONNE M. HORTON

Art Unit **3635**



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet	t with the correspondence address					
	or Reply							
THE N	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.							
	ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In r date of this communication.	no event, however, may	a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the					
- If NO p - Failure - Any re	eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	nd will expire SIX (6) MC e application to become	ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133),					
Status								
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Jun 21, 20</u>	001		· ·				
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) ✓ This action	ion is non-final.						
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance e closed in accordance with the practice under $\it Ex~par$			is				
Disposi	ion of Claims							
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-50</u>		is/are pending in the applica	tion.				
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)		is/are withdrawn from cons	ideration.				
5) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are allowed.					
6) 💢	Claim(s) 1-9, 11, 14-17, 20, 24-27, 33, and 41		is/are rejected.					
7) 💢	Claim(s) 10, 12, 13, 18, 19, 21-23, 28-32, 34-40,	and 42-50	is/are objected to.					
8) 🗆	Claims	are su	ubject to restriction and/or election red	uirement.				
Applica	tion Papers							
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) accepted of	or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the dr	rawing(s) be held i	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)	\square approved b) \square disapproved by th	e Examiner				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to	o this Office action	n.					
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examir	ner.						
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
-	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pri	iority under 35 U	J.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
	All b)□ Some* c)□ None of:							
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have			_·				
	3. U Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Bures as the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	au (PCT Rule 17.:	2(a)).					
_	the attached detailed Office action for a list of the							
_	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic							
15) 🗌	The translation of the foreign language provisional							
Attachm	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic partial	phonty under 35	0.3.C. 33 120 and/or 121.					
	rice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summ	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).					
	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		al Patent Application (PTO-152)					
3) 💢 Info	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)5	6) Other:						

Art Unit: 3635

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- Claims 1 and 4-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US

 Patent #3,778,528 to HEIFETZ in view of US Patent #5,043,369 to BAHN et al. HEIFETZ

 discloses the use of a modular living enclosure including a plurality of molded plastic sections

 (10,12)defining a door (40), a floor (F), a top (T), and four upright walls (S,38,50), see the marked attachment. HEIFETZ discloses the basic claimed enclosure except for the use of ceramic particulate-filled resin material. BAHN et al. teaches that it is known in the art to form

Application/Control Number: 09/886,965

Art Unit: 3635

an article from a ceramic particulate material. Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the enclosure of HEIFETZ from the ceramic particulate of BAHN et al. in order to create a structure that is very strong and durable. In regards to claims 2 and 3, the structure of HEIFETZ discloses the use of fiber resin layers (30,36). The color of the resin layer would have been on obvious matter of design choice depending upon the use intended. In reference to claims 4 and 5, the sections (10,12) each include L-shaped flanges (L), see also the marked attachment, to hold fascia panels (24,26,65). Regarding claim 6 and 7, the enclosure (10,12) includes integral furniture (86,92) consisting of at least a shelf (86).

4. Claims 1,8,9,11,14-17,20,24,25,26,27,33 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over GB 1,048,690. GB 1,048,690 discloses the use of a modular living enclosure including a plurality of molded plastic sections (12,13) defining a door (D), a floor (F), a top (20,21,24,44), and four upright walls (16,17,31,32,39,40,41), see the marked attachment. GB 1,048,690 discloses the basic claimed enclosure except for the use of ceramic particulate-filled resin material. BAHN et al. teaches that it is known in the art to form an article from a ceramic particulate material. Thus, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the enclosure of GB 1,048,690 from the ceramic particulate of BAHN et al. in order to create a structure that is very strong and durable. In regards to claims 8,9,11,14,20,24,26,27 the enclosure (12,13) includes a bathroom fixture (2,38) including a washbasin, page 2, lines 28 and 59. In reference to claim 15, although

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 09/886,965 Page 4

Art Unit: 3635

GB 1,048,690 does not explicitly teach the use of a conduit and sump chamber, it does however, disclose the use of a water tank (28). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the enclosure of GB 1,048,690 includes a conduit and sump chamber. Regarding claim 16 and 17, GB 1,048,690 discloses the use of a floor drain, page 2, line 91-96, and plumbing. In reference to claim 33, although GB 1,048,690 does not explicitly teach the use of a thermostat, it does however disclose the use of heating ducts. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the enclosure would include a thermostat. Regarding claim 41, although GB 1,048,690 only shows one enclosure, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that several modular enclosures could be assembled, since the mere duplication of essential working parts involve only routine skill in the art.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 5. Claims 10,12,13,21-23,28-32,34-40 and 42 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. Claims 18,19 and 43-50 are allowed.

Art Unit: 3635

7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

In regards to claim 10, the prior art of record fails to teach the use of a modular enclosure having integral feet.

In reference to claims 12 and 18 the prior art of record fails to teach the use of a modular enclosure including an integrally molded toilet.

Regarding claims 21-23, the prior art of record fails to teach the use of a modular enclosure including an integrally molded bed surface, seating surface, or desk surface.

In reference to claims 28-32,34-40,42-50, the prior art of record fails to teach the use of a modular enclosure including electrical fixtures, ventilation, monitoring camera, emergency signal switch, or sprinkler.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yvonne M. Horton whose telephone number is (703) 308-1909.

YMH

Primary Examiner

September 30, 2002

SHEET 1 OF 2

